

Office on Pennsylvania avenue, south side, between Fourth and a-half and Sixth streets.

Communications, advertisements, and orders of all kinds intended for this paper, may be left before 12 o'clock m. at either of the following places: Office of Publication, Pennsylvania avenue, between 4 1/2 and 5th streets; J. L. Smith's Law Office, 5th street, near the market-house; D. B. Clarke's apothecary store, Maryland avenue and 11th street, Island; Craven Ashford's Police office, 7th street, Island.

V. B. PALMER, the American Newspaper Agent, is authorized to make collections for us in the cities of Boston, New York, and Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions at the rates as required by us. His receipts will be regarded as payments. His office is at Boston, 8 Congress street; New York, Tribune building; Philadelphia, northwest corner of Third and Chestnut streets.

Copies of the "Telegraph" may at all times be obtained at our counter, or at the book and stationery store of WILLIAM ADAM, Pennsylvania avenue, near 4 1/2 street.

SEE FIRST, THIRD, AND FOURTH PAGES.

Delegates to the Whig National Convention.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Rough and Ready Club, for the purpose of discharging the duty confided to them at the close of the last Presidential campaign, it was

Resolved, That a meeting of the Whigs of Washington be called at the Council Chamber, City Hall, on Monday evening, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of electing a delegate, or delegates, to the Whig National Convention at Baltimore, or delegates to a committee of two from each Ward to make the necessary arrangements.

The committee is composed of the following gentlemen: First Ward—Thomas P. Morgan, Samuel E. Douglas, Second Ward—Jas. O. Whitney, Washington Taylor, Third Ward—John T. Rogers, John Trevelyan, Fourth Ward—Alexander Lee, W. E. Porter, Fifth Ward—John F. Tucker, Jeremiah Heburn, Sixth Ward—John Sessford, Robert Clarke, Seventh Ward—R. H. Stewart, B. E. Kinney.

The Whigs of Washington are accordingly invited to assemble at the time and place indicated by the resolution. By order of the Executive Committee: J. M. CARLISLE, Chairman.

GRAS, McNAMER, Secretary.

To our Washington City Subscribers.

Your accounts are now ready for settlement at our office, (all except those of Capitol Hill and the Navy Yard,) and you are earnestly requested to call and settle your subscriptions forthwith.

Mr. H. R. Wood will call on you as he has opportunity; but you will save trouble by calling as here requested. June 14, 1852.—tf.

The Whig National Convention.

This Convention is necessary, because the Whigs of this Union do not all think entirely alike, but wish to act together.

In going into Convention, they agree to hear each other's views, to deliberate, to make mutual demands and concessions, and finally to yield up individual preferences, and to act as the majority may determine to be just, and prudent, and wise.

This principle of compromise will apply not only to the selection of a candidate, but also to the question as to whether any, and if any, what declaration of principles and measures shall be adopted.

For any delegate to enter this Convention with the preformed resolution to abide by its decrees only in the event of its adopting his choice of candidates, or his notions respecting a platform, would be as ridiculous and absurd as it certainly would be faithless and unjust.

Every party convention is a party compromise, made for the good of the party and the welfare of the nation; but there can be no such convention, no such compromise, without the acquiescence of objectors in the will of the majority.

Are we to have any differences on these subjects? Are any true Whigs of this Union going into the Convention for the purpose of acceding to nothing that conflicts with their own desires? We trust not. We have read of such things in newspapers conducted by impetuous men, and in the over-ardent speeches of inflamed politicians; but we do not and cannot believe that any gentleman who has been deemed worthy to be a delegate in the Convention can deliberately approach the place of holding the Convention with such purposes.

Religious Toleration.

Much is said in the newspapers on this subject just now, and we think rather absurdly; for we would as soon think of giving political support to the devil himself as to any man opposed to it. We do not think it a virtue so rare as to be boasted of by any one.

So far as we have seen any evidences on the subject, we are induced to believe that General Pierce did not agree with the bulk of his party in New Hampshire in opposing the granting to the Roman Catholics of that State the rights and privileges enjoyed by others; and it is but just that we should so declare. Would that it had been in his power to so far influence that party as to remove this burning disgrace from his State! The Democrats of New Hampshire, however, are held up to the people of the Union as "of the true faith," and "entitled to our confidence and respect." We do not think so. Bigotry and intolerance are sins we cannot overlook, and they hang like a dismal cloud above the horizon of that State—both religious and political bigotry.

While elsewhere throughout the Union the progress of liberty, justice, and equality has banished almost every memorial of the darkness of the past, "the Democracy" of New Hampshire have preserved the sombre shades of tyranny and oppression.

It is to the false accusation made by Mr. Dallas against the Whigs, and so triumphantly disproved in the Intelligence of a recent date, that we are indebted for the true revelations upon this subject.

The Tide of Immigration.

New and serious troubles are in store for us, and the tidings from California will ere long bring us sad accounts of the warfare of races in that far-off region.

The Chinese are coming in hordes too large and powerful not to inspire the white race with dread and terror; and as no laws exist to prevent their influx, physical resistance will become inevitable.

In other regions of our country the ingress of the Chinese will beyond a doubt soon become immense. They have found their way from home—they have found a country that has not only room for them, but institutions under which they can live and prosper; and it appears they know how to value them.

We are informed that the President's House will be open for the reception of visitors this evening, from 8 to 10 o'clock.—Rep.

A Hero Both Rich and Poor!

In the city of Washington, the metropolis of our glorious Union, a gentleman resides, discharging the duties of a high governmental station, whose career has been singularly eventful and incomparably brilliant. He is known by the name of WINFIELD SCOTT.

Our hero first saw the light in that renowned commonwealth, the mother of statesmen and of heroes, old Virginia. In person he is towering, and in manners he is bland and graceful. Availing himself in early life of the advantages of a classical and substantial education, followed up by extensive reading and close research, ever aiming at the acquisition of knowledge, he is reputed by judicious and discriminating friends to be a profound thinker, with a mind almost exuberantly stored with that which has been called "philosophy teaching by example." It has been his delight to plunge into every department of knowledge; but he has had a passion for the science of government. His attainments in this branch are declared by competent judges to be singularly extensive and rare. A gentleman from Virginia, of enlarged information, recently, in our presence, said that it was his opinion that Winfield Scott was one of the best-informed men in history and government in our country.

The mind of our subject in early manhood was engaged in the pursuit of legal attainments. He mastered the abstruse science of the law, and was licensed to practise his profession in the county of Dinwiddie, in Virginia. Soon after this, the unwarranted and outrageous attack of the British vessel of war, the "Leopard," was made upon the United States frigate "Chesapeake."

All of the old citizens of Virginia, and indeed of the whole country, will remember the intense and long-continued excitement which followed this outrage. Indignation was expressed on every countenance—the State and the country were tempest-tossed with anger. During this state of the public mind, the heart of young Scott was burning with patriotic indignation and longing for an opportunity for his countrymen to signalize themselves by the crying insult. A volunteer company was raised and equipped, to proceed to Norfolk, where a renewal of hostilities was expected. Our incipient hero enrolled his name as a member of this corps; and this was Winfield Scott's debut in military life.

It is known to all that this gifted young man and daring patriot, soon after this, during the administration of the pure-minded and accomplished Madison, entered the service of the United States as a captain of artillery. It is not our purpose to dilate upon his incomparable skill, his heroic acts, and his splendid achievements.

Winfield Scott is rich in talents, in attainments, in unsullied virtue, in enlarged philanthropy, in lofty honor, in burning patriotism, in splendid renown, and in the affections of his admiring countrymen. In wealth of this character he possesses a capital of unparalleled value. The reputed opulence of Cæsar, and the actual known wealth of the living Rothschilds, is valueless when compared to the worth, intellectual and moral, of this gifted and laureled son of the republic.

Winfield Scott is poor. Patriots, for the most part, in all ages, have been poor. Although for upwards of forty years he has been a devoted and shining public servant, he is houseless, landless, and moneyless. His aim has ever been to acquire fame, to sustain his honor unsullied, disdaining to employ his thoughts or his time in the acquisition of other riches.

Honor and glory are his capital; but he is not the possessor of ingots of gold or silver, or coin of those precious metals, or even of what Mr. Benton would call "evidences of debt," usually called bank notes. In that which is esteemed wealth by mercenary men he is poor indeed.

This hero both rich and poor has been named by his grateful countrymen for the most exalted office in the world—the Presidency of the United States. We will not make a plaintive appeal to that portion of our fellow-citizens upon whom "fortune has frowned"—those who are poor in property, but rich in intelligence, in patriotism, and in virtue—to bestow their suffrages upon Winfield Scott. It were a needless task. The hero and the sage was long since consecrated in their hearts and embalmied in their affections. They are panting for an opportunity to evince their gratitude to the man who has shed a lustre upon his country's history.

Delegates to the Convention.

The Republic of this morning informs us that "many delegates to the Whig National Convention have arrived in the city, and have attended at the several headquarters of the friends of the 'prominent Presidential candidates';" and adds: "As far as we can learn, the Southern delegates are unanimous for Mr. Fillmore, in obedience to the expression of public sentiment in their section of the country. The Northern delegates are divided between Mr. Fillmore, General Scott, and Mr. Webster."

The latest telegraphic despatches from this city, published in the Baltimore and Northern papers of this morning, contain the following, which we believe to be equally reliable with the above:

"Webster's chances for the nomination are becoming brighter every moment, and he is now openly talked of as the compromise candidate. It is rumored here that, should the Convention be unable to select a candidate upon the first or second ballot, President Fillmore has prepared a note to be read before the Convention, declining the nomination in favor of Mr. Webster."

The Vote of Kentucky.

We have seen and conversed with several gentlemen who are familiar with the sentiments of the people of this State, and with some who are just from there; and they all regard as nonsensical the idea that General Scott, as the nominee of the Convention, cannot carry it triumphantly. A gentleman near us has just received a letter from the Louisville district—from a gentleman who probably did more than any other man in that district to promote the election of its present talented Representative, Hon. Humphrey Marshall—in which it is stated that Scott, in the position he is known to occupy, will be greeted with a loud and triumphant acclaim throughout that whole region!

BRIDGE OVER THE POTOMAC.—We understand that the Committee of Congress on the District of Columbia, with other gentlemen of Washington and Georgetown, on Saturday last made a personal survey of the Potomac river hence up to the Little Falls, with a view to a selection of the best site for a bridge or bridges to reconnect the Virginia shore with the District. Of the result of this examination we shall hear in good time.

Forrest is playing with great success in Philadelphia.

Congress To-Day.

SENATE.—The CHAIR laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, in reply to a resolution of the Senate calling for information concerning the practicability and cost of constructing a ship canal across the peninsula of Florida.

Mr. SEWARD presented the resolutions of the New York Chamber of Commerce, in favor of reciprocal trade with Canada, free navigation of the St. Lawrence, &c.; and

The resolution directing a select committee to inquire into the expediency of purchasing the collection of Indian portraits, &c.

The bill granting further remedies to patentees, was taken up and debated.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—The House took up the bill granting lands to all the States, and equalizing such donations—the new States to appropriate their quota for railroads, and the old to educational purposes.

A motion to lay the bill upon the table was made, but did not prevail; and further proceedings upon the subject were cut short by the expiration of the morning hour.

By unanimous consent, Mr. HOUSTON, of the Committee of Ways and Means, reported back, with amendments, the bill to establish a branch mint at San Francisco; pending which the House went into a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union on the Indian appropriation bill.

A countryman was this morning asked how he and his Democratic neighbors in Maryland liked the new ticket. He shrugged his shoulders, and replied: "We make the most of it!" That is very sensible in him, though we do not think even "the most" will amount to much in the long run.

WHO IS BOGLE?

Repine not, Bogle, though Daguerotypes are cheap; though Thomson's doth the abundant harvest reap; For know the people—those of common sense! Do not to Thomson's, just to save their pence! They come to get their "counterfeit presentment," And always leave a picture of contentment.

Testimony of a Physician.—Extract of a letter dated Pittsburg, January 12th, 1852: "I will say that your Mustang Liniment is about the best Liniment I ever used. I have used it in my own case, along the lower part of the spine, for spinal irritation, with complete relief. I used it a few nights ago, when I was perfectly crooked, and my back in complete torture, from what the books would call Osteoplastic condition of the muscles, which you know is about as bad as 'lock-jaw.' It gave immediate relief; and in the morning I could bend like a gutta-serena man, and with a little pain. The medical profession, you know, have a great number of these kinds of remedies; but from a knowledge of the ingredients of the Mustang Liniment, I would have no hesitation in recommending it, whenever a remedy to relieve pain is indicated. I have recommended it in a number of cases in my own practice, and, as far as I can learn, it has acted with equal efficacy and certainty as in my own case. Hoping that it may be used for and drive away pain wherever it exists, and that it may remunerate you well for your exertions in bringing so valuable a remedy before the public, I subscribe myself,

"Truly yours, GEO. H. KEYSER, M. D."

[See advertisement in another column.]

We are compelled, by necessity, to adopt the rule of some of our contemporaries, and subject every communication to advertising terms. By pursuing the opposite course, our columns have been overwhelmed with articles which possess no interest to the general reader. Persons may publish what they please, respecting themselves or friends, within the limits of our advertising columns. But the space reserved for general and political intelligence shall not be invaded.

The Illustrated Hydropathic Encyclopedia: A complete system of Hydropathy and Hygiene. An illustrated work, with over 300 engravings, embracing Outlines of Anatomy; Physiology of the Human Body; Hygienic Agencies, and the Preservation of Health; Dietetics and Hydropathic Cookery; Theory and Practice of Water-Treatment; Special Pathology and Hydropathic Therapeutics, including the nature, causes, symptoms, and treatment of all known diseases; Application to Surgical Diseases; Application of Hydropathy to Midwifery and the Nursery; with a complete Index. By R. T. TRAIL, M. D.

22mo. volume, substantially bound, price \$2.50. Published by Fowlers and Wells, 131 Nassau street, New York; and for sale by A. GRAY, 7th street, Washington, D. C.

For popular reference, we know of no work which can fill its place. Without any parade of novelty, or terms, it is strictly scientific; the language is plain and simple; the points explained are of great importance; devoted to progress, the editor is no slave to theory; he does not shock the general reader by medical subtleties, while he intelligently demonstrates the benefits of modern improvements. Of all the numerous publications which have obtained such a wide popularity, as issued by Fowlers and Wells, perhaps none are more adapted to general utility than this rich, comprehensive and well-arranged Encyclopedia.—New York Tribune.

Medical Electricity.

Radway's Ready Relief imparts an electrical influence through the system. Its first indication is to stop pain; this it does instantly. It next acts vigorously upon the diseased parts, strengthening and invigorating the nerves and muscles, and helping the organs of the system to perform their functions regularly and healthfully. It braces the nerves, it cleanses the secretions, it vivifies and enlivens the circulation of the vital fluids, and gives tone and energy to the liver, kidneys, and all other organs in the system. It soothes the most painful irritations, it removes the most frightful swellings and distortions, it relieves the most violent paroxysms, and cures the most obstinate and tormenting pains of rheumatism, gout, neuralgia, sick headache, dyspepsia, dysentery, diarrhoea, and all chronic acute pains. One trial will prove its efficacy. Price 25 and 50 cents.

For sale by C. STOTT & CO. and W. H. GILMAN. June 8—3to.

Citizens of the Northern Liberties residing in the Second, Third, and Fourth Wards, an adjourned meeting of the citizens of the Northern Liberties residing in the Second, Third, and Fourth Wards will be held in the Hall of the Northern Liberties, on Saturday, June 13th, at 8 o'clock, to consider the propriety of erecting some plan for arresting the progress of incendiarism.

JOHN V. BRYANT, Chairman.

A Telling Speech.

Mr. Stanley, of North Carolina, made an able, spirited, and thrilling speech in the House of Representatives, on Saturday last, for a good report of which all eyes are directed to the Globe of to-morrow morning. We were not so fortunate as to hear this speech in the House, but are assured that it was at once a brilliant defence of General Scott, and a scathing rebuke of some of his assailants.

Thomas F. Meagher.

On Friday evening last a number of the friends of Ireland in this city assembled at the Franklin Hotel, corner of D and 8th streets, for the purpose of adopting resolutions of congratulation to Mr. Meagher, and to declare their readiness to extend to him an honorable and hospitable welcome whenever he may see fit to visit Washington. A committee was appointed, who will report to an adjourned meeting on Thursday evening next.

Ordinations.

We learn that Dr. Henry Hoban, of this city, (brother of the late James Hoban, esq.,) Mr. Patrick Duddy, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Peter Folch, of Germany, were, on Saturday last, ordained to the priesthood of the Roman Catholic Church, at Trinity Church, Georgetown, by the Most Rev. Archbishop Kendrick.

Brag is the game! Though pretty old in iniquity and sin, we have never played at this game; but we have some friends who understand it so well that they have already nominated Mr. Fillmore and Mr. Webster by it—on paper!

Miss Whitney, missionary of the American board, at Beyrout, died on the first day of May. She had been in Syria but one year.

Congress To-Day.

SENATE.—The CHAIR laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, in reply to a resolution of the Senate calling for information concerning the practicability and cost of constructing a ship canal across the peninsula of Florida.

Mr. SEWARD presented the resolutions of the New York Chamber of Commerce, in favor of reciprocal trade with Canada, free navigation of the St. Lawrence, &c.; and

The resolution directing a select committee to inquire into the expediency of purchasing the collection of Indian portraits, &c.

The bill granting further remedies to patentees, was taken up and debated.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—The House took up the bill granting lands to all the States, and equalizing such donations—the new States to appropriate their quota for railroads, and the old to educational purposes.

A motion to lay the bill upon the table was made, but did not prevail; and further proceedings upon the subject were cut short by the expiration of the morning hour.

By unanimous consent, Mr. HOUSTON, of the Committee of Ways and Means, reported back, with amendments, the bill to establish a branch mint at San Francisco; pending which the House went into a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union on the Indian appropriation bill.

A countryman was this morning asked how he and his Democratic neighbors in Maryland liked the new ticket. He shrugged his shoulders, and replied: "We make the most of it!" That is very sensible in him, though we do not think even "the most" will amount to much in the long run.

WHO IS BOGLE?

Repine not, Bogle, though Daguerotypes are cheap; though Thomson's doth the abundant harvest reap; For know the people—those of common sense! Do not to Thomson's, just to save their pence! They come to get their "counterfeit presentment," And always leave a picture of contentment.

Testimony of a Physician.—Extract of a letter dated Pittsburg, January 12th, 1852: "I will say that your Mustang Liniment is about the best Liniment I ever used. I have used it in my own case, along the lower part of the spine, for spinal irritation, with complete relief. I used it a few nights ago, when I was perfectly crooked, and my back in complete torture, from what the books would call Osteoplastic condition of the muscles, which you know is about as bad as 'lock-jaw.' It gave immediate relief; and in the morning I could bend like a gutta-serena man, and with a little pain. The medical profession, you know, have a great number of these kinds of remedies; but from a knowledge of the ingredients of the Mustang Liniment, I would have no hesitation in recommending it, whenever a remedy to relieve pain is indicated. I have recommended it in a number of cases in my own practice, and, as far as I can learn, it has acted with equal efficacy and certainty as in my own case. Hoping that it may be used for and drive away pain wherever it exists, and that it may remunerate you well for your exertions in bringing so valuable a remedy before the public, I subscribe myself,

"Truly yours, GEO. H. KEYSER, M. D."

[See advertisement in another column.]

We are compelled, by necessity, to adopt the rule of some of our contemporaries, and subject every communication to advertising terms. By pursuing the opposite course, our columns have been overwhelmed with articles which possess no interest to the general reader. Persons may publish what they please, respecting themselves or friends, within the limits of our advertising columns. But the space reserved for general and political intelligence shall not be invaded.

The Illustrated Hydropathic Encyclopedia: A complete system of Hydropathy and Hygiene. An illustrated work, with over 300 engravings, embracing Outlines of Anatomy; Physiology of the Human Body; Hygienic Agencies, and the Preservation of Health; Dietetics and Hydropathic Cookery; Theory and Practice of Water-Treatment; Special Pathology and Hydropathic Therapeutics, including the nature, causes, symptoms, and treatment of all known diseases; Application to Surgical Diseases; Application of Hydropathy to Midwifery and the Nursery; with a complete Index. By R. T. TRAIL, M. D.

22mo. volume, substantially bound, price \$2.50. Published by Fowlers and Wells, 131 Nassau street, New York; and for sale by A. GRAY, 7th street, Washington, D. C.

For popular reference, we know of no work which can fill its place. Without any parade of novelty, or terms, it is strictly scientific; the language is plain and simple; the points explained are of great importance; devoted to progress, the editor is no slave to theory; he does not shock the general reader by medical subtleties, while he intelligently demonstrates the benefits of modern improvements. Of all the numerous publications which have obtained such a wide popularity, as issued by Fowlers and Wells, perhaps none are more adapted to general utility than this rich, comprehensive and well-arranged Encyclopedia.—New York Tribune.

Medical Electricity.

Radway's Ready Relief imparts an electrical influence through the system. Its first indication is to stop pain; this it does instantly. It next acts vigorously upon the diseased parts, strengthening and invigorating the nerves and muscles, and helping the organs of the system to perform their functions regularly and healthfully. It braces the nerves, it cleanses the secretions, it vivifies and enlivens the circulation of the vital fluids, and gives tone and energy to the liver, kidneys, and all other organs in the system. It soothes the most painful irritations, it removes the most frightful swellings and distortions, it relieves the most violent paroxysms, and cures the most obstinate and tormenting pains of rheumatism, gout, neuralgia, sick headache, dyspepsia, dysentery, diarrhoea, and all chronic acute pains. One trial will prove its efficacy. Price 25 and 50 cents.

For sale by C. STOTT & CO. and W. H. GILMAN. June 8—3to.

Citizens of the Northern Liberties residing in the Second, Third, and Fourth Wards, an adjourned meeting of the citizens of the Northern Liberties residing in the Second, Third, and Fourth Wards will be held in the Hall of the Northern Liberties, on Saturday, June 13th, at 8 o'clock, to consider the propriety of erecting some plan for arresting the progress of incendiarism.

JOHN V. BRYANT, Chairman.

A Telling Speech.

Mr. Stanley, of North Carolina, made an able, spirited, and thrilling speech in the House of Representatives, on Saturday last, for a good report of which all eyes are directed to the Globe of to-morrow morning. We were not so fortunate as to hear this speech in the House, but are assured that it was at once a brilliant defence of General Scott, and a scathing rebuke of some of his assailants.

Thomas F. Meagher.

On Friday evening last a number of the friends of Ireland in this city assembled at the Franklin Hotel, corner of D and 8th streets, for the purpose of adopting resolutions of congratulation to Mr. Meagher, and to declare their readiness to extend to him an honorable and hospitable welcome whenever he may see fit to visit Washington. A committee was appointed, who will report to an adjourned meeting on Thursday evening next.

Ordinations.

We learn that Dr. Henry Hoban, of this city, (brother of the late James Hoban, esq.,) Mr. Patrick Duddy, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Peter Folch, of Germany, were, on Saturday last, ordained to the priesthood of the Roman Catholic Church, at Trinity Church, Georgetown, by the Most Rev. Archbishop Kendrick.

Brag is the game! Though pretty old in iniquity and sin, we have never played at this game; but we have some friends who understand it so well that they have already nominated Mr. Fillmore and Mr. Webster by it—on paper!

Miss Whitney, missionary of the American board, at Beyrout, died on the first day of May. She had been in Syria but one year.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, &c.

PERFUMERY, PARFUMY ARTICLES, &c. AMUEL K. STEVENS, Druggist, corner of H and G streets, is in the possession of a select stock of pure, unadulterated Drugs, Medicines, and Chemicals, together with a neat and beautiful assortment of the most popular and approved Perfumery for the fashionable toilet. Fancy Articles, &c., all of which he tenders for sale on the most pleasing and accommodating terms.

Gratified for the very liberal, continuous patronage so generously awarded the establishment, he begs leave to renew the assurance that all orders, as heretofore, will continue to receive his prompt personal attention.

Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded—this department being under his sole supervision.

SODA WATER.

His Soda Fountain, (known as the Patent Atmospheric) from which the purest draughts of the genuine Carbonated Soda Water (hot-cold) may be quenched in copious deliciousness, is now in active operation, illustrating, by a daily-increasing patronage, the just appreciation of its superior medicinal properties and more agreeable and palatable qualities to the invalid, common, hurtful Carbonic Acid Gas, generated in Copper Fountains, yeilded Soda Water, and under that name, and cognomen, dispensed to a confiding, unsuspecting public.

FOUND—A few days since, a small sum of money—\$200—can have the same by identifying it and paying for this advertisement. Call on T. C. CONNOLLY, Daily American Telegraph office.

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF THE TALLY-HO!

THE public are beginning to find out to secure a complete assortment of the very best and most reliable Tally-Ho, has been compelled to order another supply of these excellent and cheap Razors. For sale at

WIMMER'S Cheap Cash Stationery Store, 6th st., near Louisiana avenue. June 12—tr

FOR THE PREVAILING DISEASES OF THE SUMMER, a sovereign preventive and cure (say the proprietors) may be found in HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE PURGATIVE. It has been given to the sick, to children teething, with great success. For sale, direct from the manufacturers, at

WIMMER'S Cheap Cash Stationery Store, 6th st., near Louisiana avenue. June 12—tr

PREPARE FOR THE FLIES!

If you want to protect your pictures-frames and looking-glasses, call at WIMMER'S, and get a few yards of his fancy oil paper, and paper for ceilings. It is ornamental, as well as useful.

June 12—tr

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE!

A very desirable HOUSE and LOT for sale, situated on Thirtieth street, near New York avenue, and will pay over \$125, per cent. on the price, and will be sold on terms. YERBY & MILLER, Penna. av., bet. 7th and 8th sts. June 12—lmf

STRAW GOODS!

STEVENS, Brown's Hotel, has just returned from the North with a fresh and full supply of Gentlemen's and Youth's Straw Hats, some of superior quality and shape. June 11—6to

YOKER-NECK SHIRTS made to order.

THE STEVENS, Brown's Hotel, has been making Dress Shirts to order in this city for ten years, and in all cases warrants them to fit Gentlemen, wearing a good article, and well made, will leave their orders at

STEVENS'S Sales Room, under Brown's Hotel. June 11—6to

MRS. BANNERMAN has on hand an assortment of— Bonnets, Ribbons, Straw Flowers, Crapes and Tulle Lingerie, Wide Black Lace, Lace and Plain and Figured Net, Lace and Edgings, and Insertings, Cambric and Swiss Edgings and Insertings, Collars, Cuffs, Chemises, Under-sleeves, Cambric and Swiss Mullins, Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Clear Lawn bordered do., Dress Caps. All of which she will sell at cheap, at her store, Penna. avenue, between 8th and 9th streets. June 12—6to

MRS. BANNERMAN has taken the house formerly occupied by Mrs. Kealey, on Pennsylvania avenue, near 4 1/2 street, where she is prepared to accommodate permanent or transient boarders. June 12—6to

TO THE CHRISTIAN TEACHERS OF THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, D. C.—As to-morrow, the 13th of June, 1852, is the anniversary of great wickedness committed in this city, let all that believe in the effect of prayer, pray, and let the city of Washington be similar to what he left Shilo; for the wickedness committed on an innocent American citizen has been very great, and the anger of God will be poured down upon Washington and Georgetown, unless the parties repent and right the wronged.

JAMES ROBERTSON. June 12—1to

Shakespeare Reading!

MISS HARRIETTE FANNING READ

WILL READ

ON MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 14, at CARUSO'S SALOON. Tickets 50 cents to be had at the usual places. Reading to commence at 8 o'clock. June 12—2t

National Theatre.

Mr. E. A. MARSHALL, Sole Lessee.

Mr. W. M. FLEMING, Stage Manager.

The Last Night of the Season!

THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, June 12, will be performed, for the sixth time in this city, one of the most popular and successful plays of the day, entitled LOLA MONTÈZ IN BAVARIA. Lola Montez, Countess of Lauffeld, Lola MONTÈZ. To conclude with "Le Grand Dessein," by Madlle LOLA MONTÈZ and Mr. G. W. SMITH.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Private Boxes \$5; Dress Circle and Parquet 50 cents; Reserved seats 25 cents